

Question	Answer
11.	$\angle 1$ or $\angle JMK$ ; $\angle 2$ or $\angle LMK$ ; $\angle M$ or $\angle JML$
12.	$90^\circ$ ; rt.
13.	$93^\circ$ ; obtuse
15.	$66.6^\circ$
16.	$36.8^\circ$
17.	$20^\circ$
18.	$25^\circ$
20.	rt.
30.	10
32.	$72^\circ$
33a.	9
33b.	12
33c.	$0 < x < 15.6$
37.	No; an obtuse $\angle$ measures greater than $90^\circ$ , so it cannot be $\cong$ to an acute $\angle$ (less than $90^\circ$ ).
39.	$m\angle EFG = m\angle EFH + m\angle HFG = 2m\angle EFH$ , so $m\angle EFH = \frac{1}{2}m\angle EFG$ .